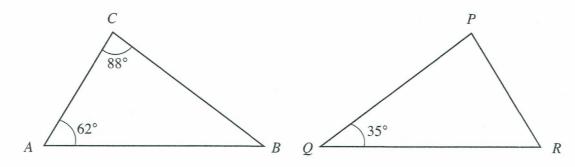




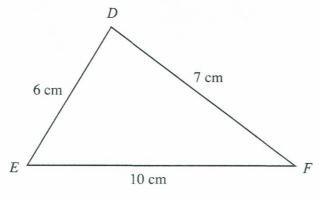
12. (a) Explain clearly why the following triangles are **NOT** similar.

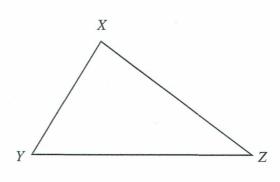


Diagrams not drawn to scale.

[2]

(b) Triangles *DEF* and *XYZ* are similar. Their corresponding sides are in the ratio 4:3. Calculate the length of *YZ*.



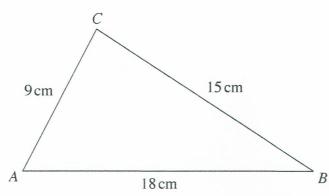


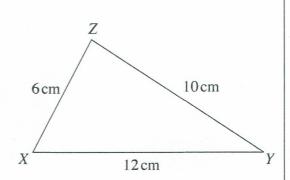
Diagrams not drawn to scale.

[2]



**16.** (a) Explain clearly why triangles ABC and XYZ are similar.





Diagrams not drawn to scale.

		[2]

(b) Triangle PQR, in which PQ = 15 cm, is similar to both triangles ABC and XYZ. Calculate the length of QR.

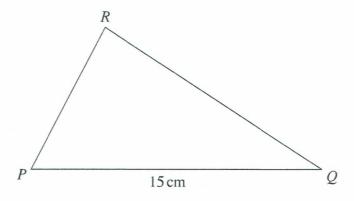
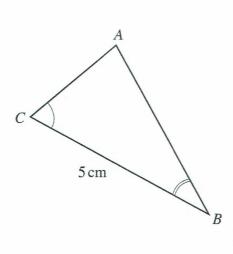


Diagram not drawn to scale.

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[2]





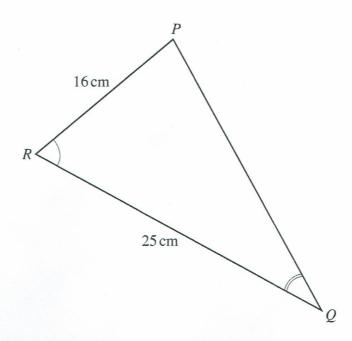


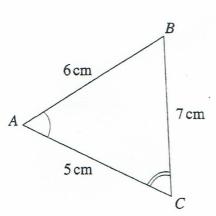
Diagram not drawn to scale.

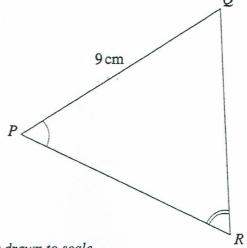
Given that $CB = 5 \text{ cm}$ , $RQ = 25 \text{ cm}$ and $PR = 16 \text{ cm}$ , find the length of $AC$ .
--

[2]



16. Triangles ABC and PQR are similar, with  $\overrightarrow{BAC} = \overrightarrow{QPR}$ ,  $\overrightarrow{BCA} = \overrightarrow{QRP}$ ,  $\overrightarrow{AB} = 6$  cm,  $\overrightarrow{BC} = 7$  cm,  $\overrightarrow{AC} = 5$  cm and  $\overrightarrow{PQ} = 9$  cm.



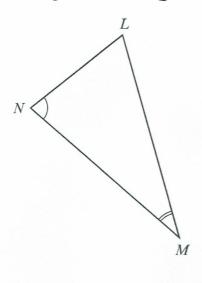


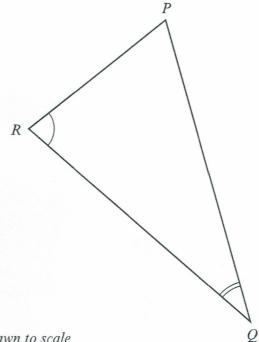
Diagrams not drawn to scale.

Showing all your working, find the length of QR.	

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9. Triangles LMN and PQR are similar.





Diagrams not drawn to scale

LM = 3 cm, MN = 2.5 cm, PR = 3.6 cm and PQ = 5.4 cm. Showing all your working, find the length of

(a) RQ,

[2]

(b) LN.