Surname	Centre Number	Candidate Number
Other Names		0



# **GCSE**

3300U50-1



# MATHEMATICS UNIT 1: NON-CALCULATOR HIGHER TIER

FRIDAY, 10 NOVEMBER 2017 – MORNING

1 hour 45 minutes

#### **ADDITIONAL MATERIALS**

The use of a calculator is not permitted in this examination. A ruler, a protractor and a pair of compasses may be required.

#### **INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES**

Use black ink or black ball-point pen. Do not use gel pen or correction fluid.

You may use a pencil for graphs and diagrams only.

Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the spaces at the top of this page.

Answer all the questions in the spaces provided.

If you run out of space use the continuation page at the back of the booklet. Question numbers must be given for all work written on the continuation page.

Take  $\pi$  as 3·14.

#### INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

You should give details of your method of solution when appropriate.

Unless stated, diagrams are not drawn to scale.

Scale drawing solutions will not be acceptable where you are asked to calculate.

The number of marks is given in brackets at the end of each question or part-question.

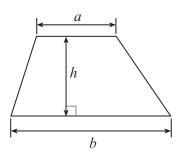
In question 4, the assessment will take into account the quality of your linguistic and mathematical organisation and communication.

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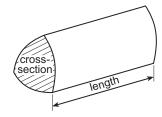
For Ex	For Examiner's use only			
Question	Maximum Mark	Mark Awarded		
1.	3			
2.	5			
3.	4			
4.	7			
5.	4			
6.	3			
7.	5			
8.	3			
9.	4			
10.	4			
11.	3			
12.	9			
13.	5			
14.	2			
15.	4			
16.	3			
17.	4			
18.	1			
19.	7			
Total	80			

### Formula List - Higher Tier

Area of trapezium =  $\frac{1}{2}(a+b)h$ 



Volume of prism = area of cross-section × length



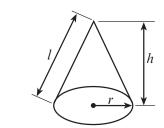
Volume of sphere =  $\frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$ 

Surface area of sphere =  $4\pi r^2$ 



Volume of cone =  $\frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$ 

Curved surface area of cone =  $\pi rl$ 

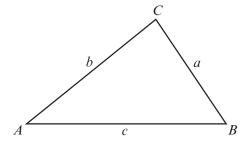


In any triangle ABC

Sine rule 
$$\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$$

**Cosine rule**  $a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A$ 

Area of triangle =  $\frac{1}{2}ab \sin C$ 



# The Quadratic Equation

The solutions of  $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$  where  $a \ne 0$  are given by  $x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{(b^2 - 4ac)}}{2a}$ 

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{(b^2 - 4ac)}}{2a}$$

## **Annual Equivalent Rate (AER)**

AER, as a decimal, is calculated using the formula  $\left(1+\frac{i}{n}\right)^n-1$  , where i is the nominal interest rate per annum as a decimal and n is the number of compounding periods per annum.



Square

Square

1.	Look at the following descriptions of special quadrilateral shapes
	Circle the correct name for each one.

Its diagonals intersect at 90°. Only one diagonal is a line of symmetry. (a)

[1]

Only one pair of sides are parallel.

Rhombus

[1]

Rhombus

Rectangle Trapezium

Rectangle

Trapezium

(c)

Kite

Kite

(b)

All four sides are equal. Its diagonals are not equal in length.

[1]

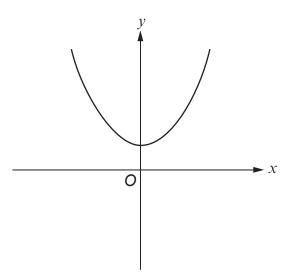
Kite Rhombus Square Trapezium Rectangle



Examiner only Complete the table below. Draw the graph of  $y = 2x^2 - 5$  for values of x between -2 and 3. Use the graph paper below. 2. (a) [4] Choose a suitable scale for the *y*-axis. -2 **-1** 0 1 2 3  $y = 2x^2 - 5$ 3 -5 -3 3 13  $\dashv$  $\dashv$ 



(b)



The sketch above can represent only one of the equations given below. Circle this equation.

[1]

$$y = x^2$$

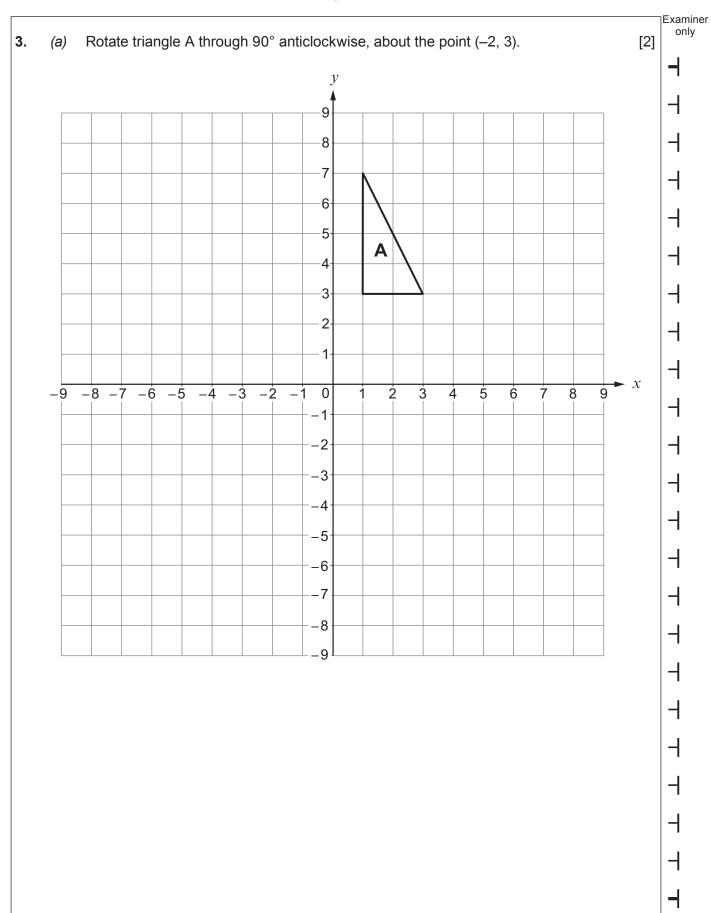
$$y = x^2$$
  $y = x^2 - 3$   $y = -x^2$   $y = x^2 + 3$   $y = 3x$ 

$$y = -x^2$$

$$y = x^2 + 3$$

$$y = 3x$$

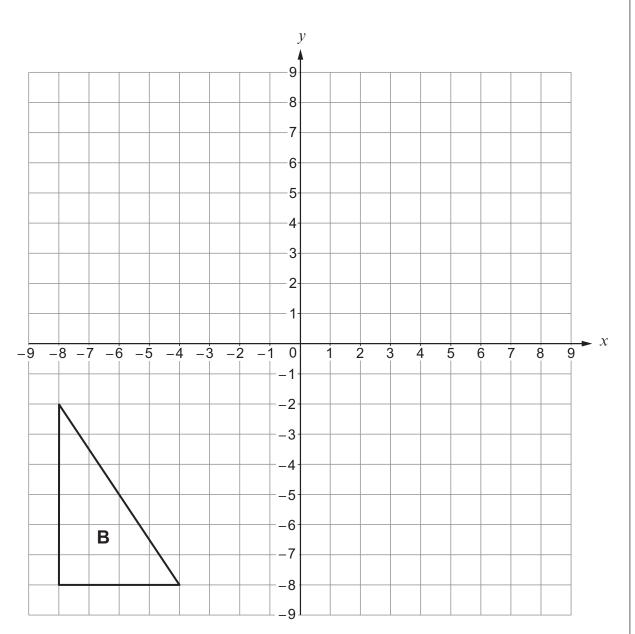
Examiner only





Examiner only

(b) Enlarge triangle B by a scale factor of  $\frac{1}{2}$ , using (0, 0) as the centre of enlargement. [2]



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Turn over.

**4.** In this question you will be assessed on the quality of your organisation, communication and accuracy in writing.

 $\overrightarrow{PQ}$  and  $\overrightarrow{PR}$  are tangents to a circle with centre O.  $\overrightarrow{RPQ} = 30^{\circ}$ .

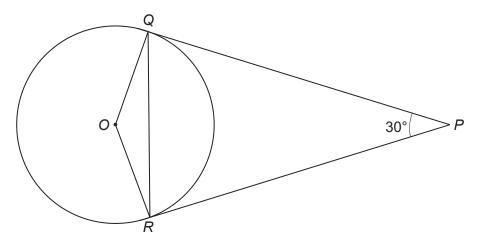


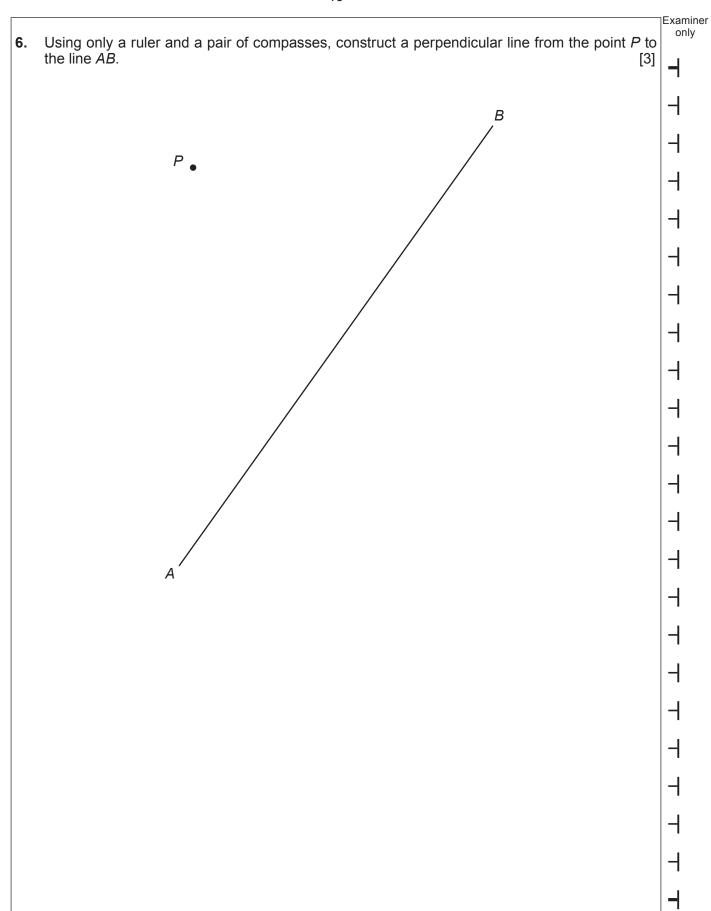
Diagram not drawn to scale

Find the size of  $\widehat{OQR}$ .

You must give a reason for each stage of your working.	[5 + 2 OCW]
0Ô₽ - °	



(a)	Express 0.00042 in standard form.	[1]
(b)	Calculate the value of $\frac{7\cdot2\times10^6}{2\times10^{-2}}$ . Give your answer in standard form.	[1]
(c)	Calculate the value of $(4.7 \times 10^5)$ – $(6.2 \times 10^4)$ . Give your answer in standard form.	[2]





- A group of pupils from a school took part in The Urdd National Eisteddfod.
   All of them competed in at least one of the following competitions: Singing, Dancing or Reciting.
  - 2 of them only took part in a *Dancing* competition.
  - 5 only took part in a Reciting competition.
  - No one took part in both a Reciting and a Dancing competition.
  - 3 took part in both a Singing and a Dancing competition.
  - 9 took part in a *Reciting* competition.
  - 22 took part in a Singing competition.

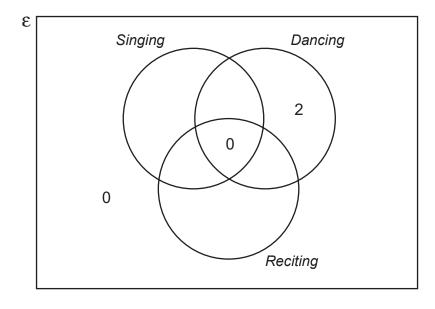
The Venn diagram below shows some of the above information.

The universal set,  $\varepsilon$ , contains all of the pupils in the group.

One of the pupils in the group is chosen at random.

What is the probability that this person **only** took part in a *Singing* competition?

[5]



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3300U501

actorise $x^2 - 7x - 18$ , and hence solve $x^2 - 7x - 18 = 0$ .	[3]



4x - 3y = 2 $6x - 5y = 1$	



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Turn over.

3300U501 13 **10.** A cylinder just fits inside a hollow cube with sides of length  $m \, \mathrm{cm}$ .

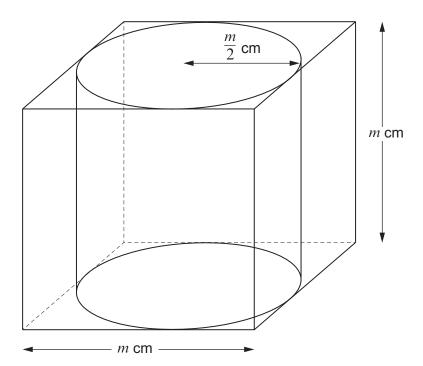


Diagram not drawn to scale

The radius of the cylinder is  $\frac{m}{2}\ \mathrm{cm}.$ 

The height of the cylinder is  $m \, \mathrm{cm}$ .

The ratio of the volume of the cube to the volume of the cylinder is given by

volume of cube : volume of cylinder

 $= k : \pi$ ,

where k is a number.

Find the value of $k$ . You must show all your working.	[4]



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	only



only

Examiner y 11. 2 0 Complete the following table to give the set of inequalities that describes the shaded region shown above.  $x \leq 1$ 



The s	different squares are constructed. Side length of the smaller square is $x  \text{cm}$ . Side length of the larger square is $3  \text{cm}$ longer than the side length of the smaller so combined area of the two squares is $22.5  \text{cm}^2$ .	quare.
(a)	Show that $4x^2 + 12x - 27 = 0$ .	[4]
•••••		
•••••		
•••••		
(b)	Find the dimensions of each of the squares.  Do <b>not</b> use a trial and improvement method.  You must show all your working and <b>justify</b> any decision that you make.	[5]
•••••		•••••
•••••		
***********		
•••••		•••••
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•••••		
	Side length of smaller square =cm	

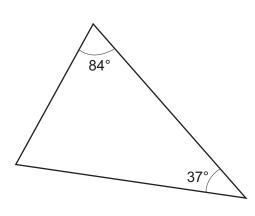


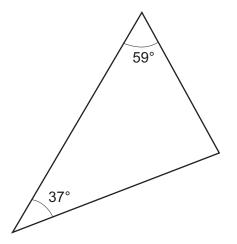
(a) fin	d an eynressior	for $y$ in terms of $x$ ,			[3]
	а ан өхргөөөгөг				[0]
b) us	e the expression	n you found in part (a)	to complete the fo	llowing table.	[2]
	X	2	10		
	y	120		15	



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**14.** The two triangles shown below are not drawn to scale.





Which **one** of the following statements is correct? Give full reasons for your answer.

[2]

- A: the triangles **must** be congruent
- B: the triangles could be congruent
- C: the triangles **cannot** be congruent

The correct statement is
This is because

(a)	Express 0.642 as a fraction.	[2]	Ex
 •			
(b)	Evaluate $\left(\frac{1}{36}\right)^{-\frac{1}{2}}$ .	[2]	



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Examiner only

You a	You are given that $p = \sqrt{40}$ and $q = \sqrt{10}$ . Circle the correct answer in each of the following:						
(a)	p is equal to						
1	0√4	4√10	10√2	2 √10	20		
(b)	pq is equal to						
1	10 √40	40 √10	400	200	20		
(c)	$q^5$ is equal to						
100	0 √10	5 √10	√50	625	10 √100		

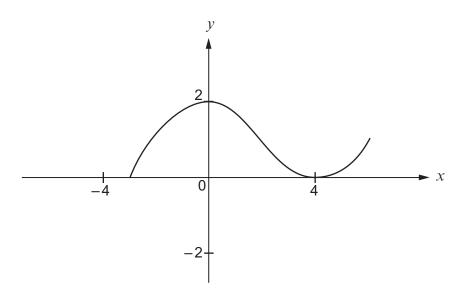


7.	Simplify	$\frac{12x+16}{9x^2-16}  .$	[4]
		9x -10	

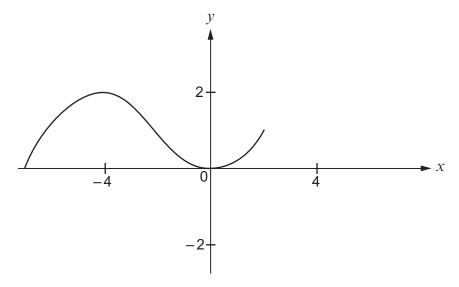


Examiner only

**18.** The following diagram shows a sketch of the curve y = f(x).



The curve is transformed, as shown below.



Using function notation, complete the following to give the equation of the transformed curve. [1]

The equation of the transformed curve is

*y* = .....

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	E
2 3 3 4 4 4	]
	_
wo of the cards shown above are selected at random, without being replaced.	
Find the probability that	
(a) the product of the two numbers selected is 12,	[3]
(b) the <b>sum</b> of the two numbers selected is <b>even</b>	[4]
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(b) the sum of the two numbers selected is even.	[4]
(b) the sum of the two numbers selected is even.	[4]
(b) the sum of the two numbers selected is even.	[4]
(b) the sum of the two numbers selected is even.	[4]



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Question number	Additional page, if required. Write the question number(s) in the left-hand margin.	Examiner only
		7









