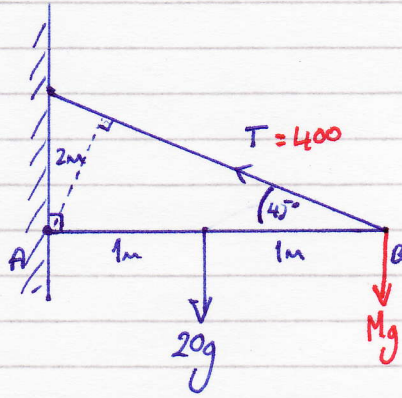


Ex 5A

(1)



(a) $\sum \vec{C}_A$ $20g \times 1 - 2T \sin 45 = 0$

$$T = \frac{20g}{2\sin 45} = 138.6 \text{ N}$$

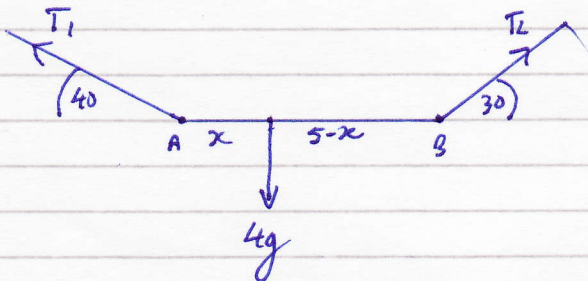
(b) $\sum \vec{C}_A$ $20g \times 1 + Mg \times 2 - 2 \times 400 \sin 45 = 0$

$$\div 2 \quad 20g + 2Mg = 800 \sin 45$$

$$Mg = 400 \sin 45 - 10g$$

$$M = 18.9 \text{ kg}$$

(2)



(a) $\sum F_x$: $T_2 \cos 30 - T_1 \cos 40 = 0$ — (1)

$\sum F_y$: $T_1 \sin 40 + T_2 \sin 30 = 4g$ — (2)

$\sum \vec{C}_A$: $4gx - T_2 \sin 30(5) = 0$ — (3)

From (1) $T_1 = \frac{T_2 \cos 30}{\cos 40}$ — (4)

in (2) $\frac{T_2 \cos 30}{\cos 40} \sin 40 + T_2 \sin 30 = 4g$

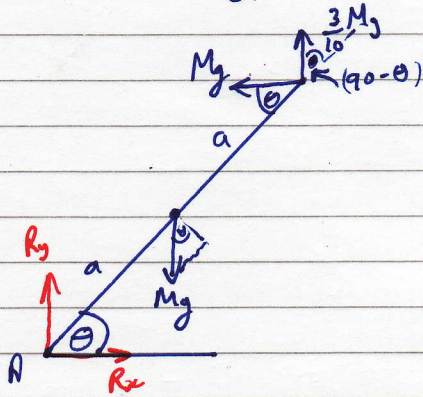
$$T_2 \left[\cos 30 \tan 40 + \sin 30 \right] = 4g$$

$$T_2 = 32.0 \text{ N}$$

in (4) $T_1 = \frac{32 \times \cos 30}{\cos 40} = 36.1 \text{ N}$

2(b) i (2) $x = \frac{32 \times 5 - 30 \times 5}{4g} = 2.04 \text{ m}$.

(3) a



$$\begin{aligned} \Sigma \tau_A: \quad & Mg a \cos \theta - Mg 2a \sin \theta - \frac{3Mg}{10} \cdot 2a (\sin(90-\theta)) = 0 \\ & \cos \theta - 2 \sin \theta - \frac{6}{10} \cos \theta = 0 \\ & \cos \theta - \frac{3}{5} \cos \theta = 2 \sin \theta \\ & \frac{2}{5} \cos \theta = 2 \sin \theta \\ & \tan \theta = \frac{1}{5} \end{aligned}$$

(b) $\Sigma F_x \quad R_x - Mg = 0$

$$R_x = Mg$$

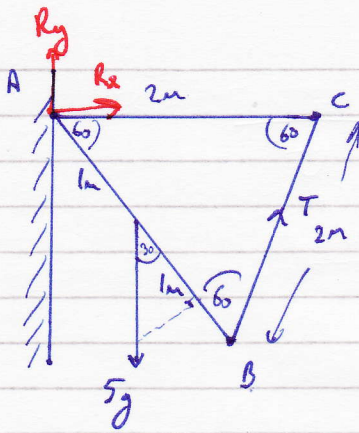
$\Sigma F_y \quad R_y + \frac{3Mg}{10} - Mg = 0$

$$R_y = \frac{7Mg}{10}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Now } R &= \sqrt{(Mg)^2 + \left(\frac{7Mg}{10}\right)^2} = \sqrt{M^2 g^2 + \frac{49}{100} M^2 g^2} = \sqrt{\frac{149}{100} M^2 g^2} = \frac{\sqrt{149}}{10} Mg \\ &= 1.22 Mg \end{aligned}$$

$$\theta = \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{\frac{7}{10} Mg}{Mg} \right) = \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{7}{10} \right) = 35^\circ \text{ to horizontal}$$

(4)



$$(a) \quad \sum \tau_A: 5g \sin 30 \times 1 - 2T \sin 60 = 0$$

$$T = \frac{5g \sin 30}{2 \sin 60} = 14.1 \text{ N}$$

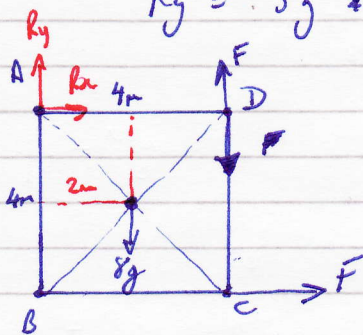
$$(b) \quad \sum F_x: R_x + T \cos 60 = 0$$

$$R_x = -14.1 \cos 60 = -7.07 \text{ N}$$

$$\sum F_y: R_y + T \sin 60 - 5g = 0$$

$$R_y = 5g - 14.1 \sin 60 = 36.8 \text{ N}$$

(5)



$$(a) \quad \sum \tau_A: -4F + 8g \times 2 - 4F = 0$$

$$8F = 16g$$

$$F = 2g = 19.6 \text{ N}$$

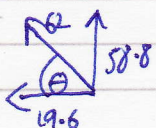
$$(b) \quad \sum F_x: R_x + F = 0$$

$$R_x = -19.6 \text{ N}$$

$$\sum F_y: R_y + F - 8g = 0$$

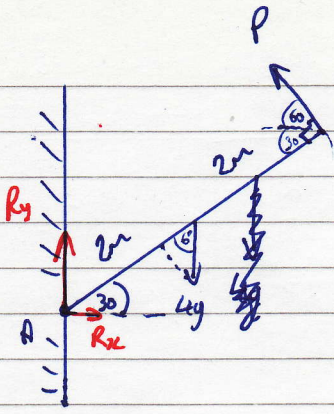
$$R_y = 8g - 19.6 = 58.8 \text{ N}$$

$$R = \sqrt{58.8^2 + 19.6^2} = 62.0 \text{ N}$$



$$\theta = \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{58.8}{19.6} \right) = 71.6^\circ \text{ to horizontal}$$

6



(a) $\sum \tau_A: 4g \times 2 \times \sin 60 - 4P = 0$

$$P = 2g \sin 60 = 17.0 \text{ N}$$

(b) $\sum F_x: R_x - P \cos 60 = 0$

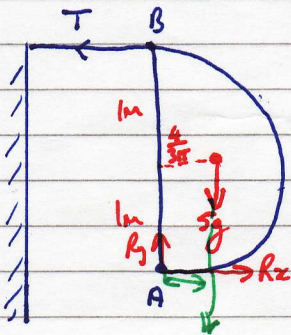
$$R_x = 17 \cos 60 = 8.5 \text{ N}$$

$\sum F_y: R_y - 4g + P \sin 60 = 0$

$$R_y = 4g - 17 \sin 60 = 24.5 \text{ N}$$

Now $R = \sqrt{8.5^2 + 24.5^2} = 25.9 \text{ N}$

7



C.O.M of Semicircle = $\frac{2r \sin \alpha}{3\alpha}$

where $\alpha = \frac{\pi}{2}$

$$= \frac{2r \sin \frac{\pi}{2}}{3 \frac{\pi}{2}} = \frac{2r}{\frac{3\pi}{2}} = \frac{4r}{3\pi}$$

$r=1 \therefore \text{com} = \frac{4}{3\pi}$

(a) $\sum \tau_A: 5g \cdot \frac{4}{3\pi} - 2T = 0$

$$T = \frac{20g}{6\pi} = 10.4 \text{ N}$$

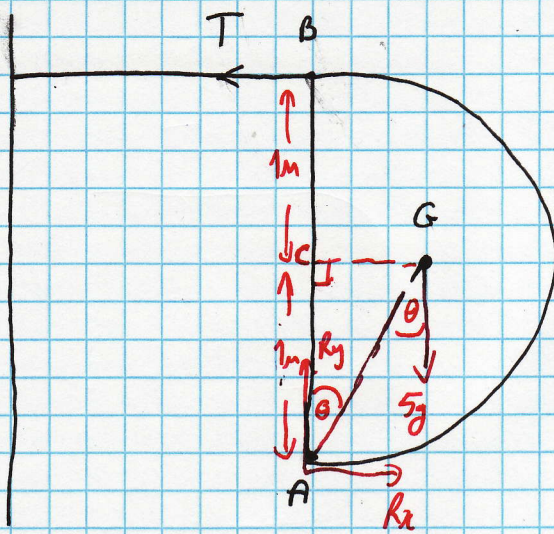
(b) $\sum F_x: R_x - T = 0$

$$R_x = 10.4 \text{ N}$$

$\sum F_y: R_y - 5g = 0$

$$R_y = 5g \text{ N.}$$

~~Fluke!~~
No its ok
perp to line of force



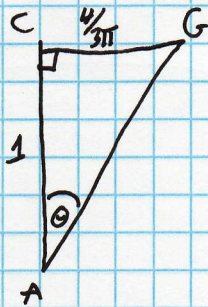
$$\text{Com of semi-circle} = \frac{2r \sin \alpha}{3\alpha}$$

$$\text{where } \alpha = \frac{\pi}{2} = \frac{2 \cdot 1 \cdot \sin \frac{\pi}{2}}{3 \frac{\pi}{2}} = \frac{4}{3\pi}$$

$$r = 1$$

$$\therefore CG = \frac{4}{3\pi}$$

(a) Now consider ΔACG :



$$\frac{AC}{AG} = \cos \theta$$

$$AG = \frac{1}{\cos \theta}$$

$$\text{Now } \Sigma G_A: 2T - AG \times S_y \sin \theta = 0$$

$$2T - \frac{1}{\cos \theta} \times S_y \sin \theta = 0$$

$$2T = S_y \tan \theta$$

$$T = \frac{S_y}{2} \times \frac{4}{3\pi}$$

$$T = \frac{20g}{6\pi} = \underline{10.4N}$$

(b) $\Sigma F_x: R_x - T = 0$

$$\therefore R_x = 10.4N$$

$\Sigma F_y: R_y - S_y = 0$

$$R_y = \underline{5g N}$$